

Synthesis and Antiinflammatory Activity of Some Novel Benzo(b)thiophene Substituted Thiazolidinones

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The 2-amino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo(b)thiophene-3-carboxylate (**I**) was prepared by treating an equimolar concentration of cyclohexanone, ethylcyanoacetate, sulphur and diethylamine in dry alcohol. The compound (**II**) was refluxed for about 18-20 h with different aromatic aldehydes in absolute alcohol to obtain **III(a-f)**. The obtained intermediates are treated with mercapto acetic acid to get **IV(a-f)**. The synthesized compounds were evaluated for antiinflammatory activity. The compound **IV_d** and **IV_e** showed significant activity when compared to standard diclofenac sodium.

Key Words: Synthesis, Thiazolidinones, Antiinflammatory.

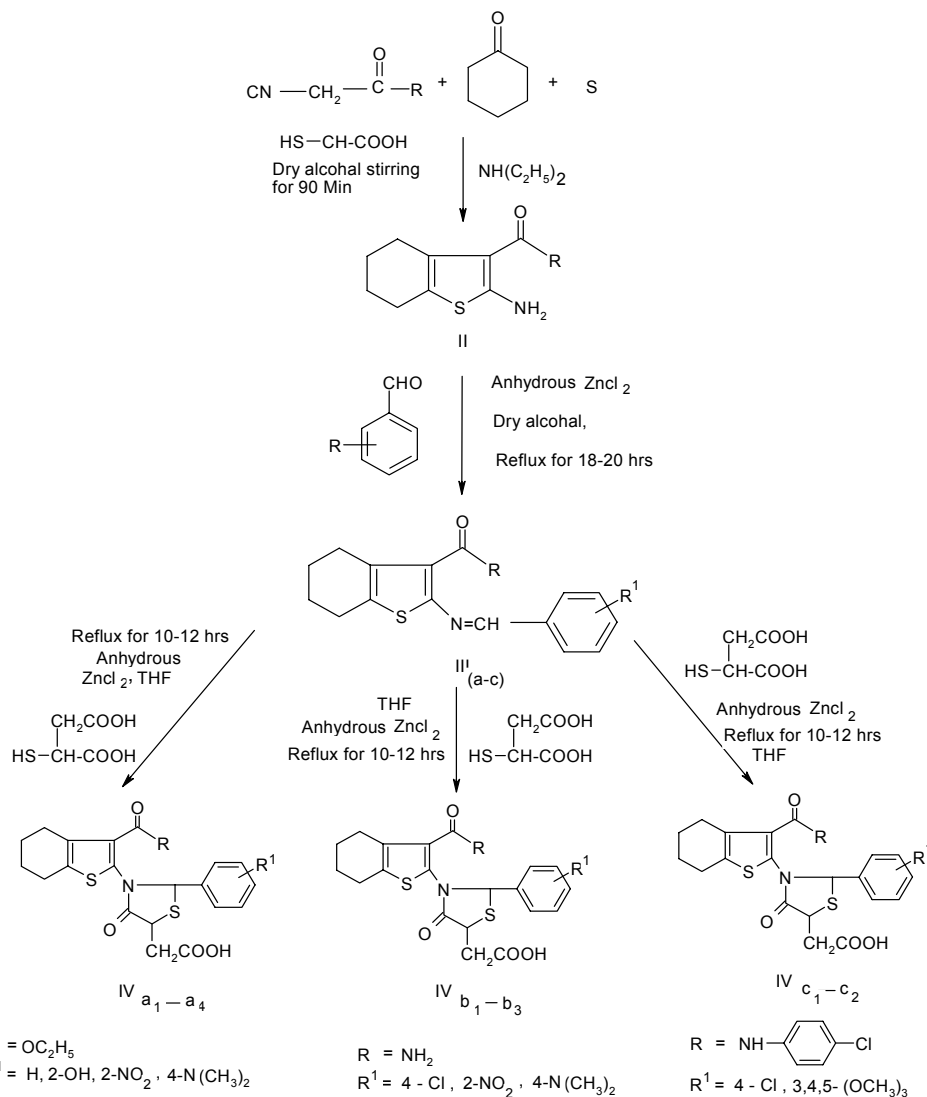
INTRODUCTION

It is well documented that substituted tetrahydro benzo(b)thiophenes have received considerable attention during the last few decades as they are endowed with variety of biological activities and have wide range of therapeutic properties. Tetrahydro benzo(b)thiophene derivatives showed interesting biological activities. A literature survey indicates that tetrahydro benzo(b)thiophene derivatives possess different biological activities like antimalarial¹, antiinflammatory², antibacterial³, anticancer⁴, antifungal⁵, anticonvulsant⁶ and potent analgesic activity⁷.

Hence, it is planned to synthesize tetrahydro benzo(b)thiophenes by incorporating thiazolidinone moiety. It is contemplated that this combination is expected to result in a significant increase in antiinflammatory activity.

EXPERIMENTAL

All the melting points were recorded in open capillary tube and are uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded on a thermo Nicolet Nexus 670 spectrometer. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on Amx-400 NMR spectrometer at 400 MHz with DMSO as the solvent and TMS as internal standard. The purity was checked by thin layer chromatography using silica gel G. All the compounds were synthesized according to **Scheme-I**.



Scheme-I

Synthesis of ethyl-2-amino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro benzo(b)thiophene-3-carboxylate (IIa)⁸: An equimolar mixture of cyclohexanone (0.1 mol), sulphur (0.1 mol), ethyl cyanoacetate (0.1 mol) and diethyl amine (0.1 mol), in dry ethanol (20 mL) is taken in a 500 mL round bottomed flask and stirred for 1.5 h. The mixture is then poured into ice water with constant stirring and set aside for 3 h at room temperature. The separated solid was collected by filtration, dried and recrystallized from ethanol. Yield: 75.83 % m.p. 118 °C.

IIa: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3384 (NH *str.*), 2930 (CH *str.*), 3050 (Ar-H *str.*), 2935-2863 [CH of NH (CH_3)], 1680 (CH of CONH_2), 1645 (NH bending), 1620 (C=N), 1590, 1530, 1470 (Ar-ring *str.*), 812 (substituted benzene), 608 (C-S). ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 7.4(m, 2H of NH_2), 4.3 (m, 2H of CH_2 OC_2H_5), 2.6-2.7 (m, of tetrahydrobenzothiophene), 1.7 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene), 1.2 (d, 3H of CH_3 of OC_2H_5). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 226.

Synthesis of ethyl, 2-amino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro benzo(b)thiophene-3-carboxamide (IIb)⁸: An equimolar mixture of cyclohexanone (0.1 mol), sulphur (0.1 mol), cyanoacetamide (0.1 mol) and diethyl amine (0.1 mol), in dry ethanol (20 mL) is taken in a 500 mL round bottom flask and stirred for 1.5 h at 40-50 °C. The reaction mixture is then poured into ice cold water with constant stirring and set aside for 3 h. The separated solid was collected by filtration, dried and recrystallized with ethanol. Yield: 64.39 %, m.p. 175-180 °C.

IIb: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3380 (NH *str.*), 2940 (CH *str.*), 3045 (Ar-H *str.*), 1675 (C=O), 1650 (NH bending), 1635 (C=N), 1595, 1530, 1460 (Ar-ring *str.*), 820 (substituted benzene) 610 (C-S). ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 7.4 (m, 2H of NH_2), 7.2 (s, 2H of CONH_2), 2.6-2.7 (m, of tetrahydrobenzothiophene), 1.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 265.

Synthesis of ethyl, 2-amino-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro benzo(b)thiophene-3-carboxylate (IIc)⁸: An equimolar mixture of cyclohexanone (0.1 mol), sulphur (0.1 mol), N-(P-chloro phenyl)-cyanoacetamide (0.1 mol) and diethyl amine (0.1 mol), in dry ethanol (20 mL) is taken in a 500 mL round bottomed flask and stirred for 1.5 h for 40-50 °C. The mixture is then poured into ice water with constant stirring and kept aside for 3 h. The separated solid was collected by filtration, dried and recrystallized with ethanol. Yield: 65 %, m.p. 202 °C.

IIc: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3390 (NH *str.*), 2950 (CH *str.*), 3050 (Aro-H *str.*), 1685 (C=O), 1655 (NH bending), 1635 (C=N), 1570, 1540, 1465 (Ar-ring *str.*), 812 (substituted benzene) 605 (C-S). ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 7.4 (m, 2H of NH_2) 9.5 (s, 1H of NH) 7.4-7.7 (m, 4H of Ar-H) 2.6-2.7 (m, of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 1.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 275.

Synthesis of Schiff base (IIIa₁-a₄): An equimolar mixture of compound **IIa** (0.1 mol) and appropriate aromatic aldehydes (0.1 mol), in absolute alcohol was refluxed for 20 h in the presence of catalytic amount of zinc chloride (100 mg). The mixture was cooled and poured into ice-cold water with stirring, the separated solid was collected and washed with cold water, dried and recrystallized with appropriate solvent.

IIIa₁: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3375 (NH *str.*), 2965 (CH *str.*) 3040 (Ar-H *str.*), 1675 (C=O), 1665 (NH bending), 1635 (C=N), 1590, 1530, 1470 (Ar-ring *str.*), 805 (substituted benzene) 608 (C-S). ^1H NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ : 8.3 (s, 1H of -CH-N-) 7.2-7.8 (m, 5H of Ar-H) 4.1-4.2 (m, 2H of CH_2 of $\text{COOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$) 2.6-2.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 1.7 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 1.2 (d, 3H of CH_3 of $\text{COOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 314.

IIIa₂: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3395 (NH *str.*), 2955 (CH *str.*), 3085 (Ar-H *str.*), 1700 (C=O), 1665 (NH bending), 1605 (C=N), 1590, 1545, 1485 (Ar-ring *str.*), 815 (substituted benzene) 625 (C-S). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 11.2 (s, 1H of OH) 8.7 (s, 1H of -CH-N-) 7.0-7.6 (m, 4H of Ar-H) 4.2-4.3 (m, 2H of CH₂ of COOCH₂CH₃) 2.4-2.6 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 1.7 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 1.3 (d, 3H of CH₃ of COOCH₂CH₃). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 330.

IIIa₃: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3375 (NH *str.*), 2960 (CH *str.*), 3085 (Ar-H *str.*), 1705 (C=O), 1635 (NH bending), 1645 (C=N), 1570, 1525, 1475 (Ar-ring *str.*), 810 (substituted benzene), 608 (C-S). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 8.2 (s, 1H of -CH-N-) 6.8 (m, 4H of Ar-H), 4.1-4.2 (m, 2H of CH₂ of COOCH₂CH₃), 2.4-2.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 1.7 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 1.3 (m, 3H of CH₃ of COOCH₂CH₃), 3.1 (d, 6H of N(CH₃)₂). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 404.

IIIa₄: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3380 (NH *str.*), 2945 (CH *str.*), 3095 (Ar-H *str.*), 1715 (C=O), 1635 (NH bending), 1615 (C=N), 1575, 1535, 1465 (Ar-ring *str.*), 805 (substituted benzene), 605 (C-S). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 9.4 (s, 1H of OH), 8.8 (s, 1H of -CH-N-) 6.7-7.4 (m, 4H of Ar-H) 4.2 (m, 2H of CH₂ of COOCH₂CH₃), 2.4-2.6 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene), 1.6 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene), 1.3 (d, 3H of CH₃ of COOCH₂CH₃). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 330.

Synthesis of Schiff base (IIIb₁-b₃): An equimolar mixture of compound **IIIb** (0.1 mol) and appropriate aromatic aldehydes (0.1 mol), in absolute alcohol was refluxed for 20 h in the presence of catalytic amount of zinc chloride (100 mg). The mixture was cooled and poured into ice-cold water with stirring, the separated solid was collected and washed with cold water, dried and recrystallized with appropriate solvent.

IIIb₁: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3384 (NH *str.*), 2930 (CH *str.*) 3050 (Ar-H *str.*), 1680 (C=O), 1640 (NH bending), 1627 (C=N), 1592, 1559, 1475 (Ar-ring *str.*), 840 (substituted benzene) 668 (C-S), 608 (Cl). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 8.2 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 8.2 (s, 12H of CONH₂), 7.4-7.5 (m, 4H of Ar-H), 2.6-2.7 (m, 4H of tetrahydro benzo thiophene), 1.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 387.

IIIb₂: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3380 (NH *str.*), 3040 (Ar-H *str.*), 1670 (C=O), 1640 (NH bending), 1612 (C=N), 1580, 1527, 1480 (Ar-ring *str.*), 840 (substituted benzene), 668 (C-S). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 8.8 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 7.8 (s, 2H of CONH₂), 6.8-7.5 (m, 4H of Ar-H), 2.6-2.7 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene), 1.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 3.1 [m, 6H of N(CH₃)₂]. MS m/z (%): M+1 = 428.

IIIb₃: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3398 (NH *str.*), 2945 (CH *str.*), 3060 (Ar-H *str.*), 1675 (C=O), 1630 (NH bending), 1625 (C=N), 1582, 1545, 1485 (Ar-ring *str.*), 835 (substituted benzene), 656 (C-S). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 8.5 (s, 1H of -CH-N-) 7.9 (s, 2H of CONH₂) 7.9-8.1 (m, 4H of Ar-H), 2.7-2.8 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene) 1.8 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 375.

Synthesis of Schiff base (IIIc₁-c₂): An equimolar mixture of compound **IIIc** (0.1 mol)⁵ and appropriate aromatic aldehydes (0.1 mol), in absolute alcohol was

refluxed for 20 h in the presence of catalytic amount of zinc chloride (100 mg). The mixture was cooled and poured into ice-cold water with stirring, the separated solid was collected and washed with cold water, dried and recrystallized with appropriate solvent.

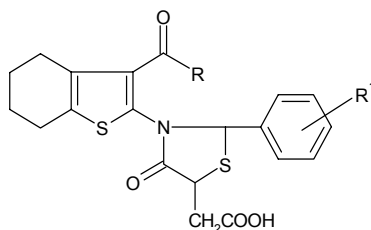
IIIc₁: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3485 (NH *str.*), 2945 (CH *str.*), 3055 (Ar-H, *str.*), 1675 (C=O), 1635 (NH bending), 1625 (C=N), 1595, 1547, 1477 (Ar-ring *str.*), 835 (substituted benzene), 655 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 10.2 (s, 1H of NH), 8.8 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 7.5-7.7 (m, 8H of Ar-H), 2.6-2.7 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiothiophene), 1.8 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiothiophene). MS *m/z* (%): *M*+1 = 411.

IIIc₂: IR (KBr, cm^{-1}): 3480 (NH *str.*), 2925 (CH *str.*), 3040 (Ar-H, *str.*), 1670 (C=O), 1640 (NH bending), 1612 (C=N), 1580, 1527, 1480 (Ar-ring *str.*), 840 (substituted benzene), 658 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 10.3 (s, 1H of NH), 8.8 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 7.2-7.6 (m, 6H of Ar-H), 2.6-2.7 (m, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiothiophene), 1.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiothiophene), 3.8 (m, 9H of OCH₃). MS *m/z* (%): *M*+1 = 385.

Preparation of thiazolidinones (IVa₁-a₄) and (IVb₁-b₃): An equimolar mixture of compound **3a₁** (0.1 mol) and mercapto succinic acid (0.1 mol) in tetrahydrofuran (30 mL) were refluxed for 10-12 h in the presence of catalytic amount of zinc chloride (100 mg). The mixture was cooled and poured into ice-cold water with stirring, the separated solid was collected and washed with cold water, dried and recrystallized with appropriate solvent.

Rest of compounds of series (IVa₁-a₄) and (IVb₂-b₃) are prepared by using same as given for **IIIa₁** and data is given in Table-1.

TABLE-1
CHARACTERIZATION DATA OF COMPOUND IVa₁-IVc₂:



Compd.	R	R ¹	Solvent for recrystallization	m.p. (°C)	Yield (%)
IVa₁	OC ₂ H ₅	H	Ethanol	83	75
IVa₂	OC ₂ H ₅	2-OH	Ethanol	96	70
IVa₃	OC ₂ H ₅	4-N (CH ₃) ₂	Ethanol	88	80
IVa₄	OC ₂ H ₅	4-OH	Ethanol + Acetone	92	69
IVb₁	NH ₂	4-Cl	Ethanol + Acetone	246	72
IVb₂	NH ₂	4-N (CH ₃) ₂	Ethanol + Acetone	155	74
IVb₃	NH ₂	2-NO ₂	Ethanol	165	78
IVc₁	NH-C ₆ H ₅ -Cl	4-Cl	Ethanol	159	66
IVc₂	NH-C ₆ H ₅ -Cl	3,4,5-(OCH ₃) ₂	Ethanol	170	72

IVa₁: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3485 (NH *str.*), 2935 (CH *str.*), 3035 (Ar-H *str.*), 1685 (C=O), 1645 (NH bending), 1615 (C=N), 1575, 1530, 1470 (Ar-ring *str.*), 845 (substituted benzene), 660 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 11.8 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH), 6.5 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 7.4-8.5 (m, 5H of Ar-H and 1H of thiozolidinone CH-CH₂-COOH), 4.2-4.4 (d, 2H of CH₂ of COOC₂H₅), 2.4-2.7 (d, 4H of thiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.7-1.9 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene), 1.3-1.5 (m, 3H of CH₃ of COOC₂H₅). MS *m/z* (%): M+1 = 446.

IVa₂: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3385 (NH *str.*), 2935 (CH *str.*), 3035 (Ar-H, *str.*), 1685 (C=O), 1645 (NH bending), 1615 (C=N), 1575, 1530, 1470 (Ar-ring *str.*), 845 (substituted benzene), 660 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 11.9 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH), 9.7 (s, 1H of 2-OH), 8.6 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 6.8-7.2 (m, 4H, of Ar-H and 1H of -CH-CH₂-COOH), 4.3-4.4 (d, 2H of CH₂ of COOC₂H₅), 2.5-2.7 (d, 4H of thiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.7-1.9 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene), 1.3-1.5 (m, 3H of CH₃ of COOC₂H₅). MS *m/z* (%): M+1 = 462.

IVa₃: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3415 (NH *str.*), 2975 (CH *str.*), 3035 (Ar-H, *str.*), 1695 (C=O), 1645 (NH bending), 1630 (C=N), 1585, 1545, 1485 (Ar-ring *str.*), 850 (substituted benzene), 670 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 11.7 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH), 8.7 (s, 1H-CH-N-), 6.6-7.5 (m, 4H of Ar-H and 1H of -CH-CH₂-COOH), 4.2-4.4 (d, 2H of CH₂ of COOC₂H₅), 2.4-2.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.7-1.9 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene), 1.3-1.5 (m, 3H of CH₃ of COOC₂H₅), 3.1 [m, 6H of N(CH₃)₂]. MS *m/z* (%): M+1 = 489.

IVa₄: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3380 (NH *str.*), 2965 (CH *str.*), 3040 (Ar-H *str.*), 1645 (C=O), 1665 (NH bending), 1608 (C=N), 1576, 1545, 1435 (Ar-ring *str.*), 840 (substituted benzene), 665 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 11.7 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH), 9.4 (s, 1H of 4-OH), 8.7 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 6.6-7.8 (m, 4H, Ar-H and 1H of -CH-CH₂-COOH), 4.3-4.4 (d, 2H of CH₂ of COOC₂H₅), 2.5-2.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.7-1.9 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene), 1.3-1.5 (m, 3H of CH₃ of COOC₂H₅). MS *m/z* (%): M+1 = 462.

IVb₁: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3405 (NH *str.*), 2936 (CH *str.*), 3045 (Ar-H *str.*), 1685 (C=O), 1655 (NH bending), 1635 (C=N), 1595, 1550, 1475 (Ar-ring *str.*), 860 (substituted benzene), 665 (C-S), 608 (Cl). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 12.1 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH), 8.7 (s, 1H-CH-N-), 7.2 (s, 2H of CONH₂), 7.4-8.5 (m, 4H of Ar-H and 1H of -CH-CH₂-COOH), 2.4-2.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.7-1.9 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene). MS *m/z* (%): M+1 = 451.

IVb₂: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3385 (NH *str.*), 2930 (CH *str.*), 3045 (Ar-H *str.*), 1689 (C=O), 1640 (NH bending), 1630 (C=N), 1585, 1570, 1455 (Ar-ring *str.*), 855 (substituted benzene), 670 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 11.9 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH), 8.7 (s, 1H-CH-N-), 7.2 (s, 2H of CONH₂), 7.4-8.5 (m, 4H of Ar-H and 1H of -CH-CH₂-COOH), 2.5-2.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.2-1.4 (m, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene), 3.1 [m, 6H of N(CH₃)₂]. MS *m/z* (%): M+1 = 460.

IVb₃: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3395 (NH *str.*), 2955 (CH *str.*), 3055 (Ar-H *str.*), 1690 (C=O), 1625 (NH bending), 1625 (C=N), 1555 1545, 1435 (Ar-ring *str.*), 840 (substituted benzene), 665 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 11.8 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH) 8.7 (s, 1H, -CH-N-) 7.4-8.5 (m, 4H of Ar-H and 1H of -CH-CH₂-COOH), 7.2 (s, 2H of CONH₂), 2.4-2.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.7-1.9 (m, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 462.

Preparation of thiazolidinones (IVc₁ and IVc₂): An equimolar mixture of compound **IIIc₁** and **IIIc₂** (0.1 mol) and mercapto-succinic acid (0.1 mol) in tetrahydro furan (30 mL) were refluxed for 10-12 h in the presence of catalytic amount of zinc chloride (100 mg). The mixture was cooled and poured into ice-cold water with stirring, the separated solid was collected and washed with cold water, dried and recrystallized with appropriate solvent.

IVc₁: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3380 (NH *str.*), 2925 (CH *str.*), 3040 (Ar-H *str.*), 1670 (C=O), 1640 (NH bending), 1612 (C=N), 1580, 1527, 1480 (Ar-ring *str.*), 840 (substituted benzene), 668 (C-S), 605 (Cl). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 11.7 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH), 8.7 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 7.4-8.5 (m, 4H of Ar-H and 1H of -CH-CH₂-COOH), 2.4-2.7 (d, 4H of tetrahydrobenzothiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.7-1.9 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene). MS m/z (%): M+1 = 562.

IVc₂: IR (KBr, ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}): 3385 (NH *str.*), 2950 (CH *str.*), 3045 (Ar-H *str.*), 1695 (C=O), 1675 (NH bending), 1640 (C=N), 1580, 1545, 1455 (Ar-ring *str.*), 870 (substituted benzene), 655 (C-S). ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 11.8 (s, 1H of OH of CH₂COOH), 8.9 (s, 1H of -CH-N-), 7.4-8.5 (m, 4H of Ar-H & 1H of -CH-CH₂-COOH), 2.4-2.7 (d, 4H of thiophene and 2H of CH₂ of CH₂COOH), 1.7-1.9 (d, 4H of tetrahydrothiophene), 3.8 [m, 9H of (OCH₃)₂]. MS m/z (%): M+1 = 617.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table-2 shows antiinflammatory activity data. The compounds under the study exhibited significant antiinflammatory activity. Compound **IVa₂**, **IVa₃**, **IVa₄**, **IVb₂**, **IVb₃** and **IVc₁** shown maximum reduction in the paw oedema volume about 57.94, 83.00, 68.53, 74.48, 60.00 and 58.14 %, respectively and compound **IVa₁** and **IVc₂** exhibited a good reduction in the paw oedema volume 46.42 and 54.12 % compared to standard diclofenac sodium 96.96 % in carrageenin induced reduction in the paw oedema volume of the rats.

From antiinflammatory evaluation data Table-2 it is found that the compound **IVa₂**, **IVa₃**, **IVa₄**, **IVb₂**, **IVb₃** and **IVc₁** have shown significant antiinflammatory activity and compound **IVa₁** and **IVc₂** shown good antiinflammatory activity. The significant activity of the compound **IVa₃** and **IVb₂** may be due to the presence of electron donating group N-(CH₃)₂ and significant activity of **IVa₂** and **IVa₄**, **IVb₃**, **IVc₁** may be due to the presence of the electron withdrawing group (OH, NO₂, Cl) substituted on phenyl nucleus, which is attached to the second position of the thiazolidinones ring system.

TABLE-2
ANTIINFLAMMATORY ACTIVITY OF COMPOUND IV_(a-d) IN
CARRAGEENAN INDUCED ACUTE RAT PAW OEDEMA MODEL

Group	Treatment	Dose (mg/kg)	Paw oedema volume							
			After 0.5 h		After 1.0 h		After 2.0 h		After 3.0 h	
			Mean	%ROV	Mean	%ROV	Mean	%ROV	Mean	%ROV
1	Control	0.5 mL	0.180	-	0.51	-	0.58	-	0.55	-
2	Standard (Diclofenac)	20	0.101	45.45	0.16	67.74	0.116	80.00	0.016	96.96
3	IVa ₁	100	0.220	25.00	0.35	35.71	0.45	41.66	0.37	46.42
4	IVa ₂	100	0.130	23.23	0.30	42.85	0.40	50.00	0.30	57.94
5	IVa ₃	100	0.075	75.00	0.10	78.57	0.15	78.57	0.15	83.00
6	IV4a ₄	100	0.180	40.00	0.25	58.33	0.24	65.71	0.22	68.57
7	IVb ₁	100	0.180	40.00	0.27	55.00	0.30	57.14	0.35	50.00
8	IVb ₂	100	0.100	64.28	0.14	64.28	0.20	71.42	0.25	76.48
9	IVb ₃	100	0.190	36.66	0.28	53.33	0.36	48.57	0.28	60.00
10	IVc ₁	100	0.140	15.85	0.26	56.66	0.30	57.14	0.41	58.14
11	IVc ₂	100	0.150	17.85	0.27	35.71	0.45	50.00	0.57	54.18

ROV = Reduction in paw oedema volume.

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