

NOTE**Synthesis of Dialkyl-1,1-diacetyl-8 α -hydroxy-8-oxo-1,2,8,8 α -tetrahydrocyclopenta[a]indene-2,3-dicarboxylates from the Reaction of Dialkyl-2-(1-acetyl-2-oxopropyl)-3-(tributylphosphoranylidene)succinates with Indene-1,2,3-trione**

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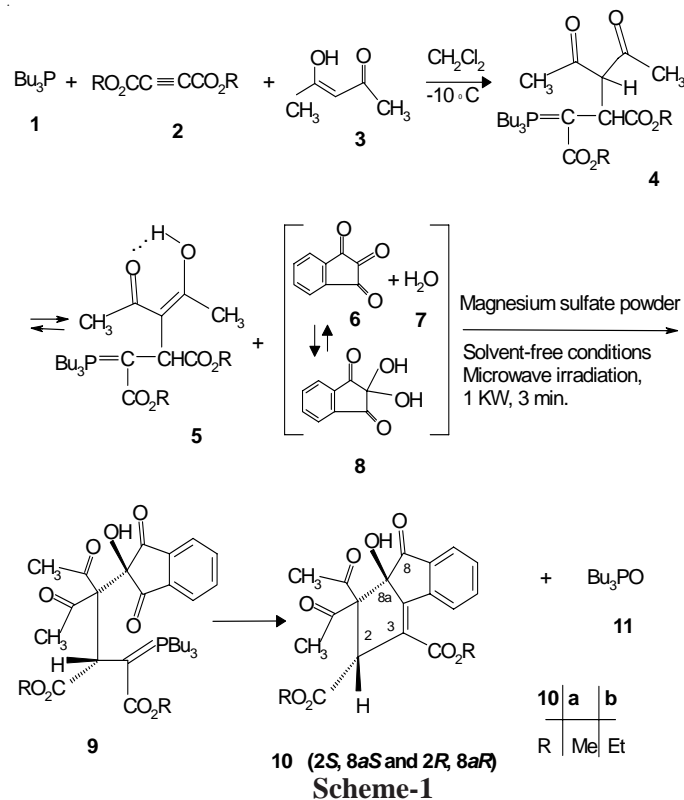
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Protonation of the highly reactive 1:1 intermediates produced in the reaction between tributylphosphine and dialkyl acetylenedicarboxylates by acetylacetone leads to sterically congested phosphorus ylides. Reaction between the sterically congested phosphorus ylides with ninhydrin leads to stereoselective synthesis of dialkyl 1,1-diacetyl-8 α -hydroxy-8-oxo-1,2,8,8 α -tetrahydrocyclopenta[a]indene-2,3-dicarboxylates in the presence of Magnesium sulfate powder under microwave irradiation (1 KW, 3 min) in solvent-free conditions.

Key Words: Magnesium sulfate, Wittig reaction, Solvent-free conditions, Ninhydrin, Tributylphosphine, Microwave irradiation.

A well known method for achieving alkenylation is the Wittig reaction¹. β -Additions of nucleophiles to the vinyl group of vinylic phosphonium salts leading to the formation of new alkylidenephosphoranes has attracted much attention as a convenient and synthetically useful method in organic synthesis^{1,2}. Organophosphorus compounds have been extensively used in organic synthesis^{1,2}. In the past, a convenient, one-pot method for preparing of stabilized phosphorus ylides utilizing *in situ* generation of the phosphonium salts is reported¹. In this article, a facial one-pot stereoselective synthesis of dialkyl 1,1-diacetyl-8 α -hydroxy-8-oxo-1,2,8,8 α -tetrahydrocyclopenta[a]indene-2,3-dicarboxylates (**10**) by the reaction of dialkyl 2-(1-acetyl-2-oxopropyl)-3-(tributylphosphoranylidene)succinates (**4**) and indene-1,2,3-trione (**6**) is reported (**Scheme-1**) in the presence of magnesium sulfate powder under microwave irradiation (1 KW, 3 min) in solvent-free conditions.

Melting points were measured on an Electrothermal 9100 apparatus and are uncorrected. IR spectra were recorded on a Shimadzu IR-460 spectrometer. ¹H, ¹³C NMR spectra were measured with a Bruker DRX-500 Avance spectrometer at 500, 125 and 470.6 MHz, respectively.



General procedure for the preparation of dialkyl-1,1-diacetyl-8a-hydroxy-8-oxo-1,2,8,8a-tetrahydrocyclopenta[a]indene-2,3-dicarboxylates (10a-b): To a magnetically stirred solution of tributylphosphine (1) (1 mmol) and acetylacetone (3) (1 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL) was added dropwise a mixture of 2 (1 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (3 mL) at -10°C over 15 min. The mixture was allowed to warm up to room temperature and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The homogeneous mixture of the dried residue (ylide 4), magnesium sulfate powder (2 g) and powdered indane-1,2,3-trione [1 mmol, 6, prepared from powdered ninhydrin (8) under thermal conditions (4 h at 120°C) in oven] were irradiated for 3 min at microwave power 1 KW and then mixture placed over a column of silica gel (12 g). The column chromatography was washed using ethyl acetate-light petroleum ether (1:9) as eluent. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and products were obtained as white crystals (6a-b). The characterization data of dialkyl 1,1-diacetyl-8a-hydroxy-8-oxo-1,2,8,8a-tetrahydrocyclopenta[a]indene-2,3-dicarboxylates (10a-b) are given previously⁵.

Reactions are known in which an α,β -unsaturated carbonyl compound is produced from a phosphorane and a carbonyl compound such as an

aldehyde or ketone³. Thus, compounds **10** may be regarded as the product of an intramolecular Wittig reaction. Such addition-olefination products may result from an initial addition of tributylphosphine (**1**) to the acetylenic ester (**2**) and concomitant protonation of the 1:1 adduct, followed by attack of the acetylacetonate anion on the vinylphosphonium cation⁴ to form phosphorane (**4**). Attack of the stabilized ylide **5** on the highly electron deficient carbonyl group of indane-1,2,3-trione (**6**), would lead to the stabilized ylide **9**. Intramolecular Wittig reaction of stabilized ylide **9** leads to dialkyl 1,1-diacetyl-8a-hydroxy-8-oxo-1,2,8,8a-tetrahydrocyclopenta[a]-indene-2,3-dicarboxylates (**10**) and tributylphosphine oxide (**11**) in the presence of magnesium sulfate powder under microwave irradiation (1 KW, 3 min) in solvent-free conditions (**Scheme-1**). Less reactive aldehydes (*p*-nitrobenzaldehyde) and ketones (acetophenone) have also been used instead of indane-1,2,3-trione in this reaction, but no products were observed. TLC indicated that the mixture contained ylide **4** and the starting aldehyde or ketone. The structures **10a-c** were deduced from their elemental analyses and their UV, IR, ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra. All of these data are the same as our previous report data⁵ for the compounds **10a-b**. Since compound **10** possess two stereogenic centers, four stereoisomers (2R, 8aR; 2S, 8aS; 2R, 8aS and 2S, 8aR) are possible⁵. The stereochemistry of compound **10a** (2R, 8aR and its mirror image 2S, 8aS) *via* single crystal X-ray diffraction method has also been proved⁶. Other aspects of this process are under investigation.

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