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NOTE

Parallel Route to Synthesis of Triphenyl Substituted Guanidine

LAKSHMAN SINGH, UPMA SINGH and SUDHIR KUMAR* Department of Chemistry, Lajpat Rai Postgraduate College Sahibabad-201 005, India E-mail: sudhir0112003@yahoo.co.in

This work presents a short and attractive method to synthesise a variety of NN'N''-triphenyl substituted guanidine in high yields.

Key Words: Synthesis, Guanidine.

Guanidine is an important material for pharmacological activities^{1,2} used to prevent many diseases. Considerable work have been done to synthesize and application of guanidine³. Triphenyl substituted guanidine have been synthesized now a days from thiourea using various catalyst *e.g.* HgCl₂, Lactum sulphur⁴⁻⁶, *etc.* Guanidine is a strong base⁷. The three method for the synthesis of NN'N'-triphenyl guanidine are the following:

Scheme-I: The anilidine triphenyl phosphine (1 mol) mixed with NN'diphenyl thiourea is refluxed it for 24 h in C_6H_6 . The yield however by this method is very low^{8,9}.



Scheme-II: For more yield another route was as follows:

The starting material diphenyl thiourea (0.1398 mol) (32 g) is treated with phenyl amine (0.1398 mol) (13.01 g) in the presence of 55 % NaOH and PhNO₂ (yield = 77 %).

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Scheme-III: (3) (a) Carbodiamide with amine in a sealed tube at high temp (145 °C) for long time, yields the symmetrical guanidine.



(b) Synthesis of *p*-tolyl-guanidines and *o*-tolyl guanidines by carbodiamide^{10,11} as yellow *p*-tolyl thiourea (10 g; 0.0390 mol) treated with PbO (25 g) (0.1120 mol) using benzene as solvent, reflux at 70 °C for 12 h PbS removed, carbodiamide is formed by evaporation and dry in vaccum. (8 g, 0.03591 mol) is 95 % yields obtained^{12,13}.

The *p*-tolyl carbodiamide 8 g was treated with *p*-toludiene 4 g (0.0373 mol), 5 % excess) and dried, yield obtained of p-tolyl guanidines found 80 %, 9.51 g (0.0288 mol) it m.p. = 188 °C^{14,15}.

(c) It is versatile route using 35 to 50 % NaOH.



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Guanidine [m.p. (°C)]	CHN Analysis Found (calcd.)	IR (cm ⁻¹) (main band)	¹ H NMR	m/z mass	¹³ C NMR
<i>o</i> -Tolyl guanidine [121-123]	C 79.87 (80.0) H 6.69 (8.70) N 12.42 (7.00)	3385	δ 2.2(CH ₃) δ 5.28(NH) δ 7.1 (Ar)	330.9	$\begin{array}{l} \delta \ 20.89(2CH_3) \\ \delta \ 31.03 \ (-CH) \\ \delta \ 76.86 \ (2C) \\ \delta \ 77.18(4C) \end{array}$
Tolyl-guanidine [188]	C 80.31 (80.6) H 6.98 (7.03) N 12.74 (12.75)	3317	$\begin{array}{l} \delta \ 2.1 \ (CH_3) \\ \delta \ 5.6 \ (NH) \\ \delta \ 69 \ (Ar) \\ \delta \ 2.16 \ (CH) \end{array}$	329.3	$\begin{array}{l} \delta \ 77.50 \ (2C) \\ \delta \ 121.20 \ (4C) \\ \delta \ 129.96(1C) \\ \delta \ 132.43(1C) \\ \delta \ 145 \ (C=N) \end{array}$
2,4-dimethyl phenyl-guanidine [186-188]	C 80.73 (80.82) H 7.85 (7.26) N 11.28 (11.31)	3395	δ 5.9 (NH) δ 6.95 (Ar)	372.10	δ 75.85 (2C) δ 30.89 (-CH) δ 148 (C=N)

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