

**NOTE****Synthesis and Biological Screening of Some New  
3[2-Methyl-1,2-dihydropyrimido[1,2c]benzimidazole-1-  
thionyl]-6,8-dibromo-2-substituted-3H-quinazolin-4-one**

N. SRINIVASAN\*, ANNA BALAJI, G. NAGARAJAN†, R. SUTHAKARAN†,  
YASHWANTH KUMAR† and D. JAGADESH†  
Shri Krishna Chaithanya College of Pharmacy  
Nihmanapalle Road, Madanapalle-517 325, India  
Tel/Fax: (91)(8571)230756; E-mail: sendmailto:rini@yahoo.co.in

In this paper, the synthesis and characterization of substituted quinazolin-4-ones from 3-amino-2-methyl-1,2-dihydropyrimido-(1,2-c)- benzimidazole-1-thione are reported. The synthesized compounds were also screened for their analgesics and antiinflammatory and diuretic activity.

**Key Words:** Biological screening, Quinazoline-4-ones.

Quinazolin-4-(3H)-one and pyrimido (1,2-c) benzimidazole derivatives are versatile molecules for designing potential bioactive agents and these derivatives have been evaluated for a wide spectrum of biological activities such as anticonvulsants<sup>1</sup>, anti-HIV<sup>2</sup>, anticancer<sup>3</sup>, antiinflammatory<sup>4</sup>, anti-rheumatic and antiallergic<sup>5</sup> properties. We hereby report the synthesis of title compounds from 3-amino-2-methyl-1, 2-dihydropyrimido-(1,2-c)-benzimidazole-1-thione and screened for their analgesic and antiinflammatory and diuretic activity.

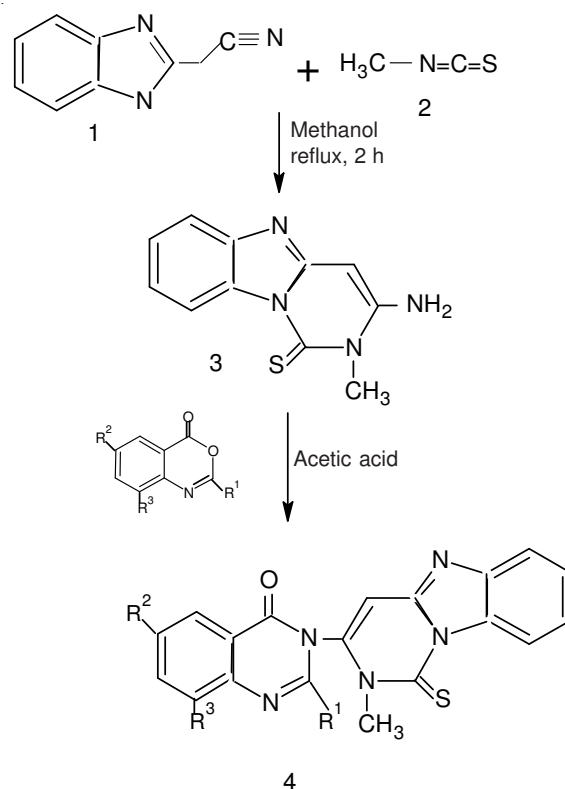
Anthranilic acid/3,5-dibromoanthranilic acid reacts with acetic anhydride, propionic anhydride and benzoyl chloride to form corresponding 2-methyl/-ethyl/-phenyl benzoxazin-4-one by N-acylation followed by dehydrative cyclization mechanism<sup>6</sup> 2-substituted/6,8-dibromo derivatives of benzoxazin-4-ones where condensed with 3-amino-2-methyl-1, 2-dihydropyrimido-(1,2-c)-benzimidazole-1-thione<sup>7</sup> IR and NMR spectra of the compounds were consistent with the assigned structure.

**Analgesic activity:** Some selected compounds were evaluated for their analgesic activity by tail flick method<sup>8</sup>. Analgin was used as standard. Among the compounds tested, compounds NB4, NB5 displayed moderate analgesic activity.

†Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Smt. Sarojini Ramulamma College of Pharmacy, Mahabubnagar-509 001, India.

**Antiinflammatory activity:** Antiinflammatory carrageenan induced rat paw oedema method was adapted to evaluate antiinflammatory activity of some synthesized compounds. Phenylbutazone was used as a standard drug. Compounds NB2, NB3, NB5 have been shown moderate antiinflammatory activity against the standard drug.

**Diuretic activity:** Albino rats of either sex weighing between 140-200 g were used to evaluate diuretic activity of some selected compounds hydrochlorothiazide was used as a standard drug at a dose of 5 mg/kg body weight of albino rats. The test compounds were given at two dose levels (50 and 100 mg/kg body weight) orally. Compounds NB1 and NB6 shown moderate diuretic activity.



Scheme

**3-Amino-2-methyl-1,2-dihydropyrimido-[1,2-C] benzimidazole-2-thione (3):** 1H-benzimidazole-2-acetonitrile (1) (1.57g, 0.01 mol) and methylisothiocyanate (2) (0.37g, 0.01 mol) were dissolved separately in methanol (10 mL) and mixed at room temperature. The reaction mixture was refluxed on a steam bath for 2 h and the solvent was distilled off at

reduced pressure. The solid residue was separated out after pouring the reaction mixture into ice-cold water and filtering. The residue was washed with ice cold water and dried. The residue was crystallized from methanol-DMF mixture (9:1) to obtain a pure bright yellow crystalline compound with a yield of 1.95 g, (84 %), m.p. 198 °C IR (KBr,  $\nu_{\max}$ ,  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) 3214 ( $\text{NH}_2$ ), 1651 (C=N), 1045 (C=S), PMR ( $\text{DMSO}-d_6$ ), 3.9 (s, 3H, N- $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.05 (s, 1H, C<sub>4</sub>-H), 7.1-7.5 (m, 5H, Ar-H and  $\text{NH}_2$  after  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  exchange integrates for 3H), 9.3 (1H, C<sub>9</sub>-H,  $J = 10$  Hz).

**3[2-Methyl-1,2-dihydropyrimido-[1,2c]-benzimidazole-1-thionyl]-6,8-dibromo-2-substituted-3H-quinazolin-4-one (4):** An equimolar (0.01 mol) mixture of 2-substituted 1,3-benzoxazin-4-one and 3-amino-2-methyl-1,2-dihydropyrimido-[1,2-c]-benzimidazole-1-thione (**3**) was refluxed for 6 h in 10 mL of glacial acetic acid and the mixture was cooled to room temperature and poured into crushed, the solid thus obtained was recrystallized from ethanol (Table-1).

TABLE-1

Compd.	R <sup>1</sup>	R <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>3</sup>	m.p. (°C)	Yield (%)
NB1	-CH <sub>3</sub>	H	H	241	84
NB2	-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	266	74
NB3	-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H	H	258	68
NB4	-CH <sub>3</sub>	Br	Br	278	79
NB5	-C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Br	Br	196	66
NB6	-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	Br	Br	135	81

## REFERENCES

1. S.S. Parmer, A.K. Chaturvedi and J.B. Stanely, *J. Pharm. Sci.*, **63**, 356 (1974).
2. V. Alagarsamy, U.S. Pathak, S.N. Pandeya, D. Sriram and E. Declercq, *Indian J. Pharm. Sci.*, **6**, 433 (2000).
3. V. Murugan, C. Thomas, G.V.S. Ramasarma and E.P. Kumar, *Indian J. Pharm. Sci.*, **65**, 386 (2003).
4. E.L. Badaway, A.M. Sayed, S.M. Rida, F.S.G. Soliman and T. Thomas, *Monatsh Chem.*, **120**, 1159 (1989).
5. S.M. Sondhi, A. Magan, R. Sahu, V.K. Mahesh, R. Shukla and G.K. Patnaik, *Synthesis*, 1175 (1994).
6. D.T. Zentmyer and E.C. Kangner, *J. Org. Chem.*, **14**, 967 (1949).
7. T.V.M. Kumar and P.H. Rao, *Indian J. Chem.*, **42B**, 343 (2003).
8. S.K. Kulkarni, *Life Sci.*, **27**, 185 (1980).