

NOTE**Synthesis and Characterization of Ni(II) Complex of S₃N₂H₂**

MANOJ KUMAR and S.P.S. JADON*

Department of Chemistry, S.V. College, Aligarh-202 001, India

E-mail: sps_jadon@yahoo.co.in

On the basis of quantitative estimations, mass IR, UV and ¹H NMR spectra, the complex of S₃N₂H₂ with Ni(II) compound, has been assigned as (S₃N₂H₂)₂·NiSO₄·6H₂O, having quardidentated co-ordinated, Ni²⁺ ion bridged sandwich geometrical structure.

Key Words: Ni(II), S₃N₂H₂, Complex.

The complexes of hydride adducts of S₄N₄¹ have been synthesized and reported²⁻⁹. In continuation of our previous work¹⁰, the spectral investigations of the complex of S₃N₂H₂ with Ni(II) compound are being reported.

First of all S₃N₂Cl₂, as orange coloured solid, was prepared by action of thiourea with S₂Cl₂ by Roesky's method¹¹. On Na/EtOH reduction S₃N₂Cl₂ was changed to bright yellow mass, confirmed as S₃N₂H₂ by its mass and IR spectra. The complex of S₃N₂H₂ with Ni(II) was synthesized by refluxing DMF solutions of S₃N₂H₂ and NiSO₄, for about 12 h. The dark green coloured product, was separated, washed subsequently with DMF, EtOH and ether, dried and stored in vacuum desiccator over fused CaCl₂.

Quantitative estimations for constituents were done as described¹², m.w. and m.p. were determined by well known methods (*loc.cit.*).

Mass IR, electronic and ¹H NMR spectra of the complex were carried out consequently on Jeol SX-102 (FAB), Shimadzu-8201 PC (400-4000 cm⁻¹), Perkin-Elmer-Lambda-15 (200-800 nm) and Bruker-DRX-300 (300 MHz FT-NMR) spectrometers.

The complex is green coloured solid, soluble in DMSO and melts at 120.2°C. The chemical data of the complex; % found, S 43.90 (43.50), N 10.95 (10.87), H 3.14 (3.11), Ni 11.57 (11.46) and m.w. 509.80 (515.00) gmol⁻¹ leads to assign it as (S₃N₂H₂)₂·NiSO₄·6H₂O, which is supported by the prominent mass lines observed at m/z, 149, 167, 178, 209, 232, 252, 279 and 308 subsequently for the (S₂N₂) - Ni (M-2), (S₂N₂H₂)-Ni-N, S₂N₂-Ni-N₂ (M-1), (S₃N₂)-Ni-N₂ (M-2), (S₃N₂H₂)-Ni-S-N (M+1), (S₃N₂H₂)₂,

(S_3N_2) \cdot NiSO₄ and (S_3N_2)₂Ni (M+1) fragments in its mass spectrum (Table-1), suggesting that two molecules of ($S_3N_2H_2$) have linked to one mol of NiSO₄ \cdot 6H₂O during the reaction, producing the quadridentated complex.

To confirm the nature of bonding, its IR spectrum (Table-1), recorded, is compared to that of ligand, ($S_3N_2H_2$). The presence of bands, N—S→Ni, S—N→Ni, S—N—H, N—H, O—H and SO₄²⁻ ions are inferred by the consequent vibrations at 631 (d), 760 (bw), 1102 (sw), 1628, 3371, 984 (sw) cm⁻¹, explaining the $S_3N_2H_2$ has coordinated to Ni²⁺ ion through its both S and N atoms.

TABLE-1
MASS AND IR SPECTRA OF THE COMPLEX ($S_3N_2H_2$)₂ \cdot NiSO₄ \cdot 6H₂O

Mass parameters		IR spectra data		
m/z	Fragments	Vibrations (cm ⁻¹)	Bands assigned	Force const. K N / m
149	S ₂ N ₂ -Ni (M-2)	461ws	SO ₄ ²⁻	1.0512
167	(S ₂ N ₂ H ₂)-Ni-N	631d	N—S→Ni	1.9723
171	(S ₃ N ₂)-S-N (M+1)	760bw	S—N→Ni	2.8610
178	S ₂ N ₂ -Ni-N ₂ (M+1)	—	—	—
197	(S ₃ N ₂)-Ni—N	984ws	SO ₄ ²⁻	4.7881
209	(S ₃ N ₂)-N ₂ -Ni (M-2)	1102d	S—N—H	0.6511
232	(S ₃ N ₂ H ₂)-S-N-Ni	1401w	S—N—H	1.0837
252	(S ₃ N ₂ H ₂) ₂	1628b	N—H	3.0882
279	(S ₃ N ₂)-NiSO ₄	2365ds	δ N—H	3.0882
308	(S ₃ N ₂) ₂ -Ni (M+1)	3371b	O—H	14.3275

Two peaks at 200 and 240 nm have occurred in its electronic spectrum. The former band is due to ionic environment and charge transfer transition, caused by Ni²⁺ ions, while latter assignment is corresponding to d_π-p_π transitions of $S_3N_2H_2$ ring. The absence of other bands which generally appears for Ni²⁺ ions, expound the coordination of $S_3N_2H_2$ molecule to nickel sulphate.

If ionic displacement has occurred during the reaction of $S_3N_2H_2$ with NiSO₄ librating H₂SO₄, the signals for N—H bands should not appear in its proton NMR spectrum, as observed at the chemical shift, δ 2.5153 to 2.985 ppm for N—H bands as found in amino compounds, expressing the quadridentative linkage of two $S_3N_2H_2$ molecule to nickel sulphate, without evaluation of H₂SO₄ or in its any form. Therefore, geometrical structure of ($S_3N_2H_2$)₂ \cdot NiSO₄ \cdot 6H₂O, may be shown as Fig. 1.

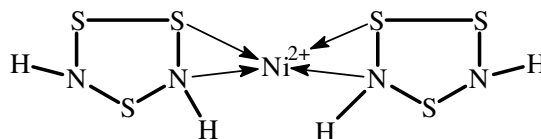


Fig. 1. Proposed structure of the complex [(S₃N₂H₂)₂·Ni]SO₄·6H₂O

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Authors wish to express their thanks to Dr. K.P. Madhusudanan, CDRI, Lucknow, India for providing instrumental facilities.

REFERENCES

1. M.B. Goehring, *Quartz Rev.*, 437 (1956).
2. H. Schroeder and O. Glemser, *Z. Anorg. Chem.*, **298**, 78 (1959).
3. H.K. Sharma and S.P.S. Jadon, *J. Indian Chem. Soc.*, **65**, 61 (1988).
4. H.K. Sharma and S.P.S. Jadon, *Indian J. Chem.*, **28**, 1007 (1989).
5. A.K. Yadav, G.J. Mishra and S.P.S. Jadon, *J. Indian Chem. Soc.*, **67**, 65 (1990).
6. H.K. Sharma, B. Singh, M.P. Singh, R. Swarup and S.P.S. Jadon, *Synthetic Metals*, Vol. 55-57, p. 618 (1993).
7. J.D. Woollins, R. Grinter, M.K. Johnson and A.J. Thomson, *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.*, **10**, 1910 (1980).
8. U.K. Tripathi, S.C. Tripathi and S.P.S. Jadon, *Asian J. Chem.*, **17**, 1221 (2005).
9. Shalini and S.P.S. Jadon, *Asian J. Chem.*, **17**, 1325 (2005).
10. M. Kumar and S.P.S. Jadon, *Asian J. Chem.*, **18**, 1566 (2006).
11. H.W. Roesky, W. Schaper, O. Peterson and T. Muller, *Chem. Ber.*, **110**, 2695 (1977).
12. A.I. Vogel's, *Text Book Quantitative Inorganic Analysis* ELBS Publishers (1968).

(Received: 14 March 2006;

Accepted: 14 March 2007)

AJC-5526